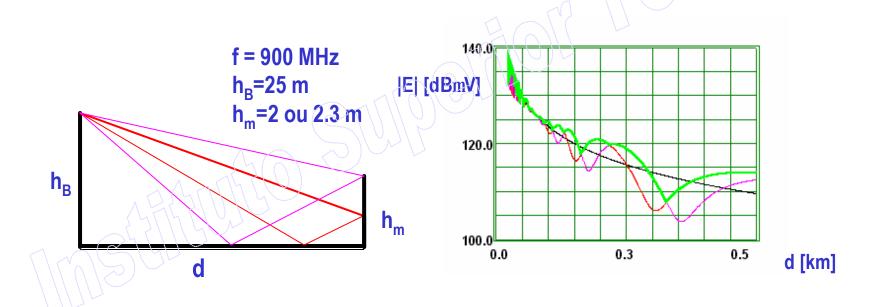
Licenciatura em Eng Electrotécnica e Computaores

RADIOPROPAGAÇÃO

Reflexão no Solo

Carlos A. Cardoso Fernandes

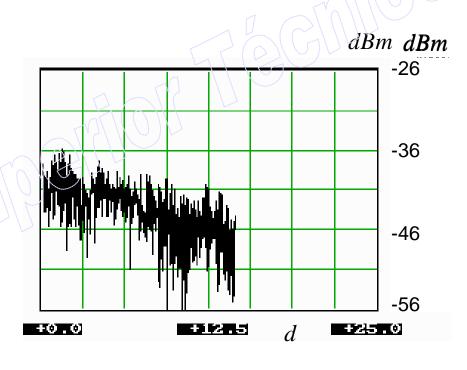
1. Efeito das Reflexões



1. Efeito das Reflexões

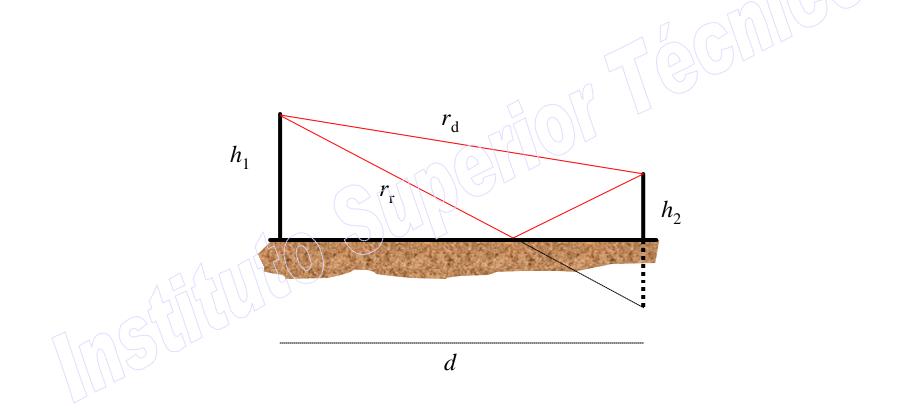


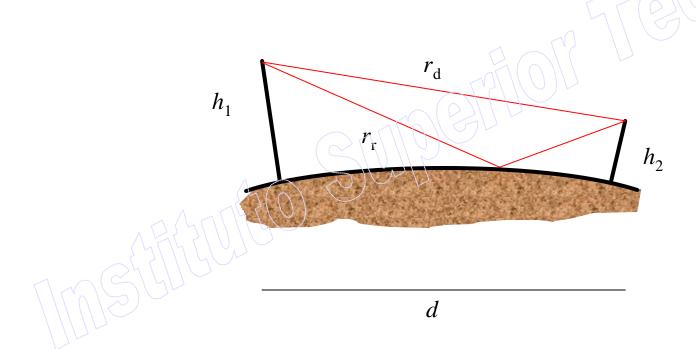




Tx: Monopolo / Rx: Monopolo

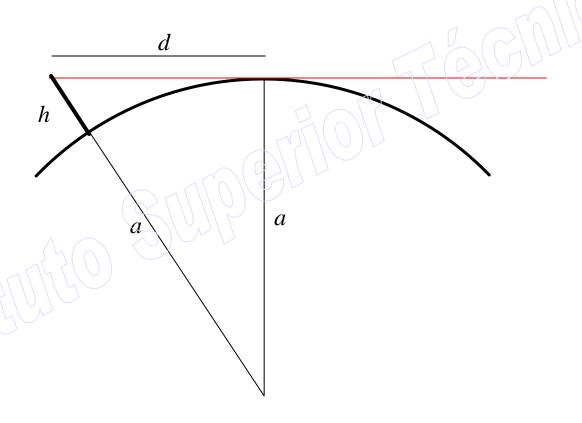
1. Terra Plana - superficie lisa





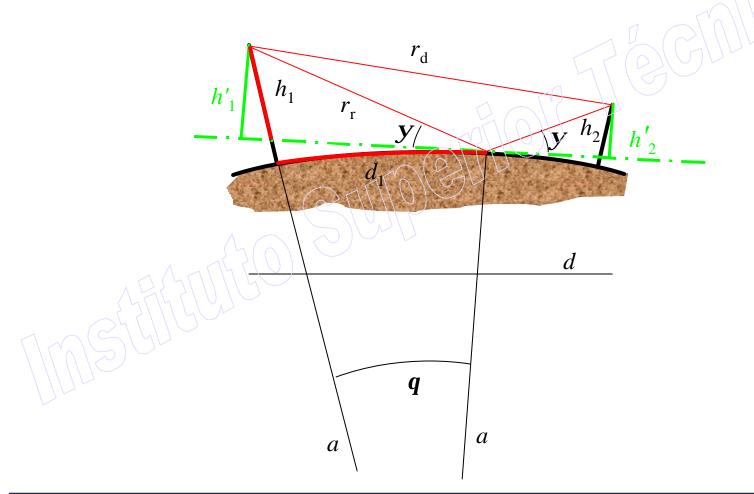


2.1 Rádio horizonte





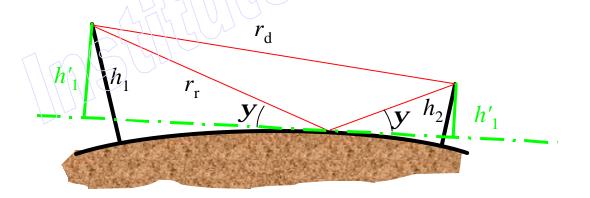
2.2 Alturas Equivalentes



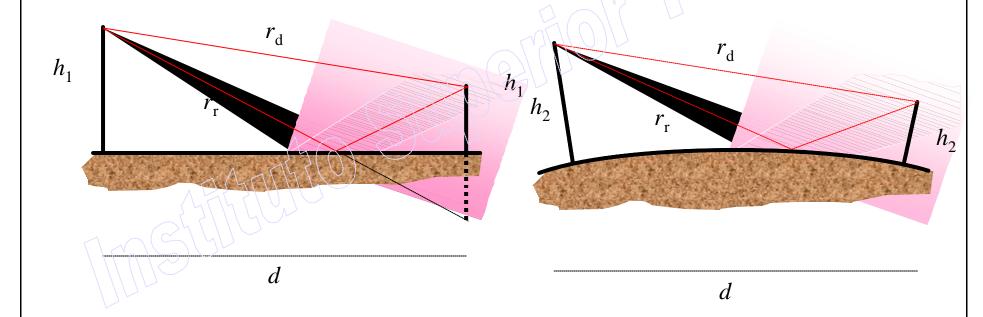
2.2 Comparação TE-TP

$$h_1 = h_2 = 200$$
m

<i>d</i> [km]	Δr_{TP} [m]	Δr_{TE} [m]	$\Delta r_{\mathrm{TP}} - \Delta r_{\mathrm{TE}} [\mathrm{m}]$
2	40.00	40.00	0.00
20	4.00	3.69	0.31
50	1.6	0.91	0.69

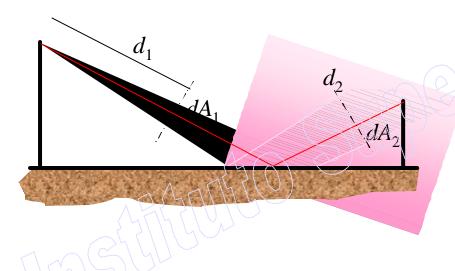


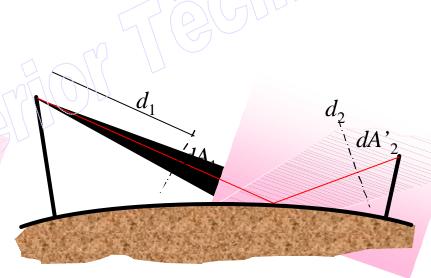
2.3. Factor de Divergência





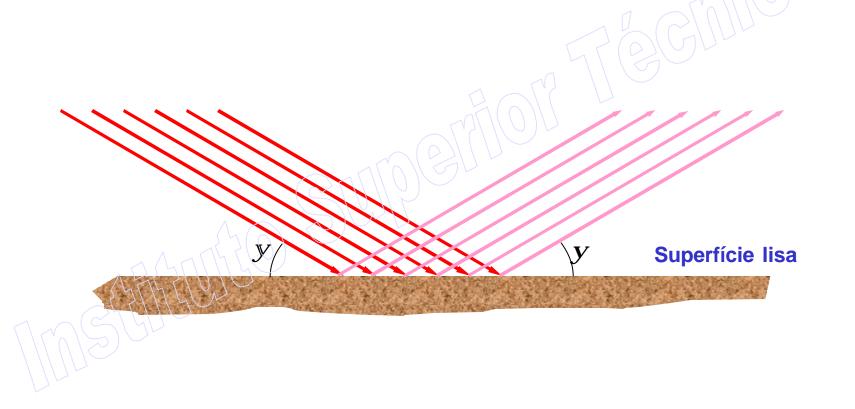
2.3. Factor de Divergência





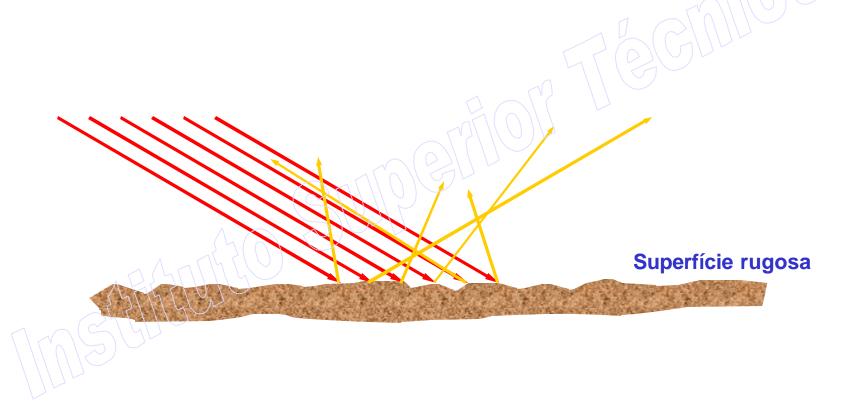


3.1. Introdução





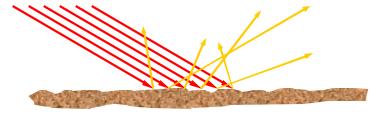
3.1. Introdução



3. Reflexão em Superficies Rugosas 3.1. Introdução

Componente coerente (reflexão especular)





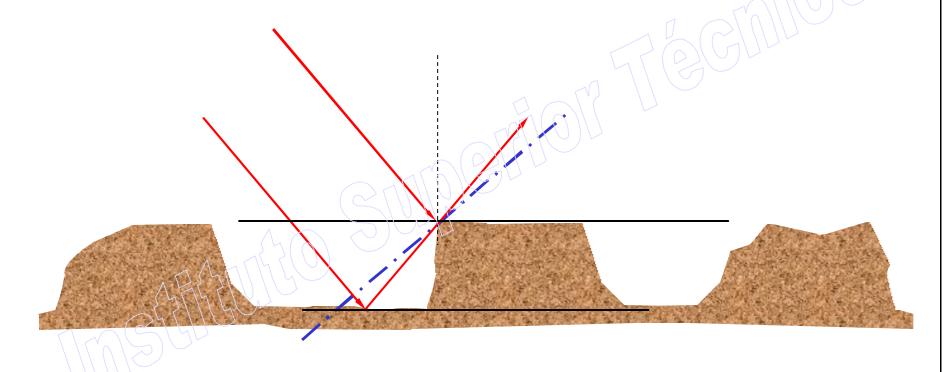
Componente incoerente (reflexão difusa)





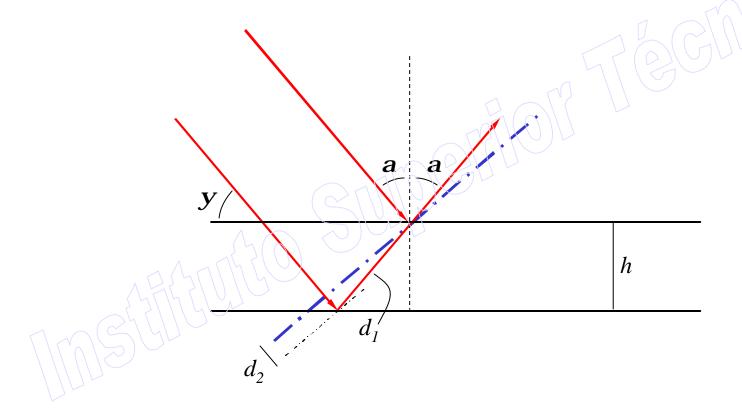
3. Reflexão em Superficies Rugosas

3.2 Critério de Rayleigh





3.2 Critério de Rayleigh

















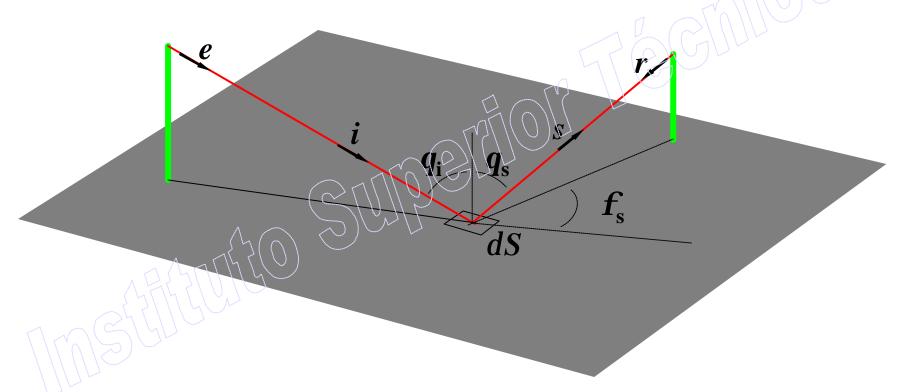






3. Reflexão em Superfícies Rugosas

3.3 Potência dispersa

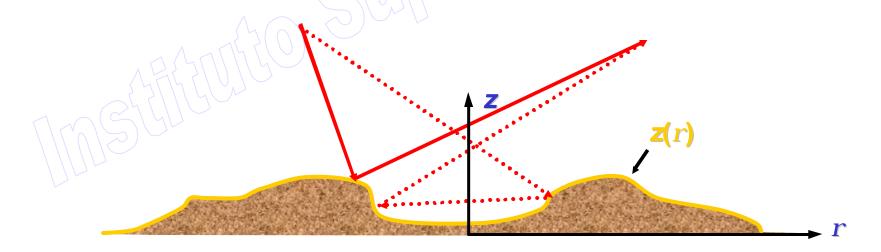


Cada elemento de área dS é caracterizado por uma secção eficaz de dispersão



3.4 Pressupostos do modelo simplificado

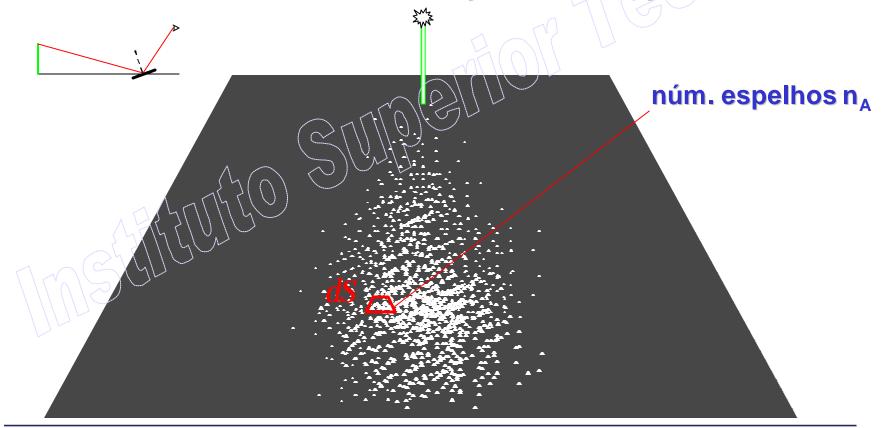
- 1. Descrição estatística de z(r)
- 2. Rugosidade fraca (dispersão simples)
- 3. $l \ll$ dimensões características da rugosidade





3. Reflexão em Superfícies Rugosas 3.4 Pressupostos do modelo simplificado

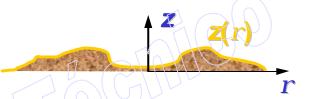
Superfície constituída por inúmeros espelhos pequenos com uma dada distribuição de orientações





3. Reflexão em Superficies Rugosas

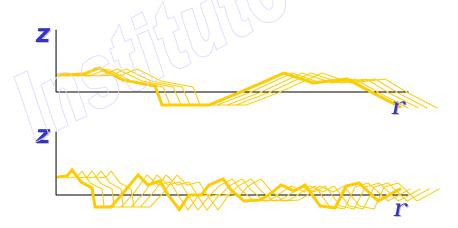
3.4 Pressupostos do modelo simplificado

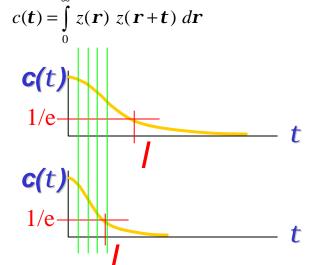


1. Descrição estatística de z(r)

$$p(z) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\boldsymbol{p}} h_e^2} \exp\left[-\frac{z^2}{h_e^2}\right];$$

$$c(t) = \exp \left| -\frac{t^2}{|\mathbf{l}|^2} \right|$$

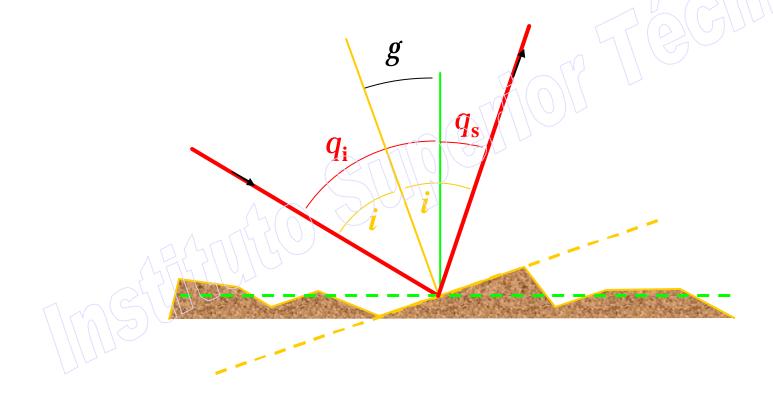






3. Reflexão em Superfícies Rugosas

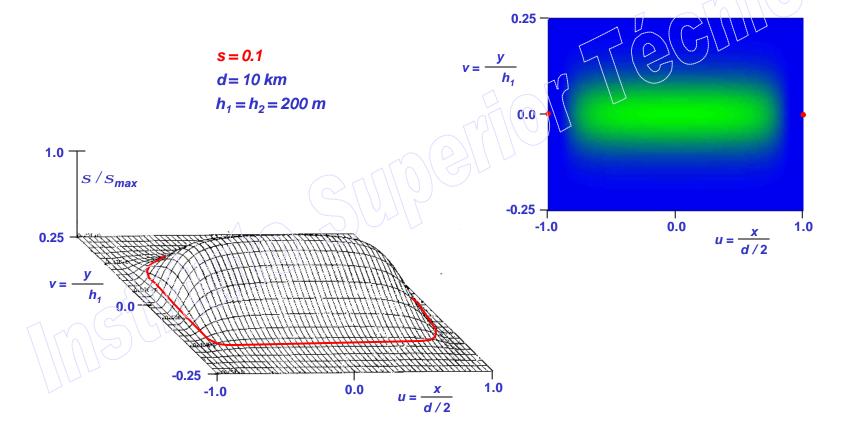
3.5 Definição dos ândulos de incidência





3. Reflexão em Superfícies Rugosas

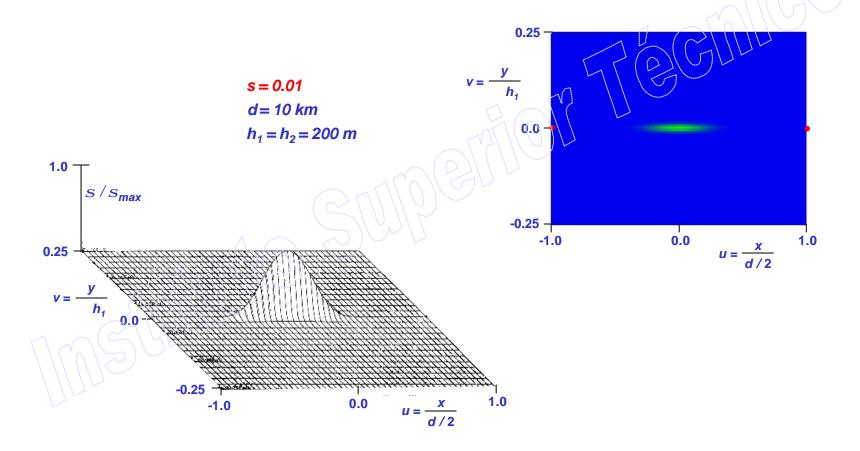
3.6 Secção Efficaz de Dispersão





3. Reflexão em Superficies Rugosas

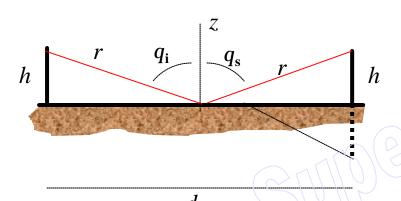
3.6 Secção Efficaz de Dispersão

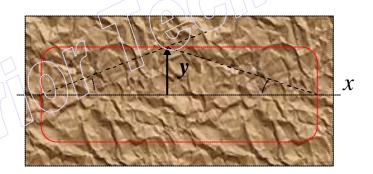




3. Reflexão em Superficies Rugosas

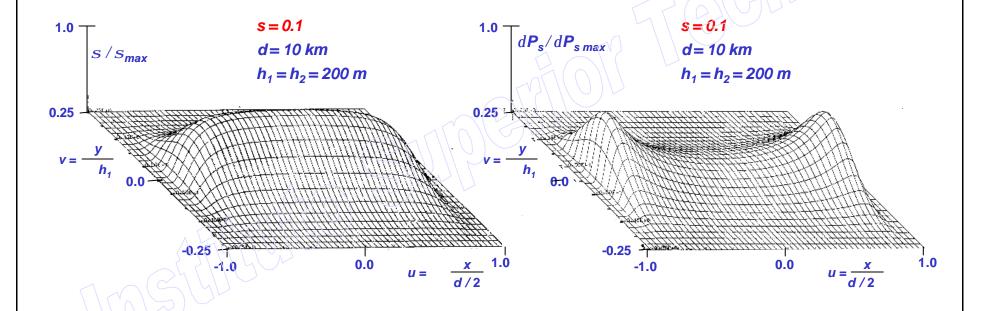
3.7 Àrea Effectiva de Dispersão





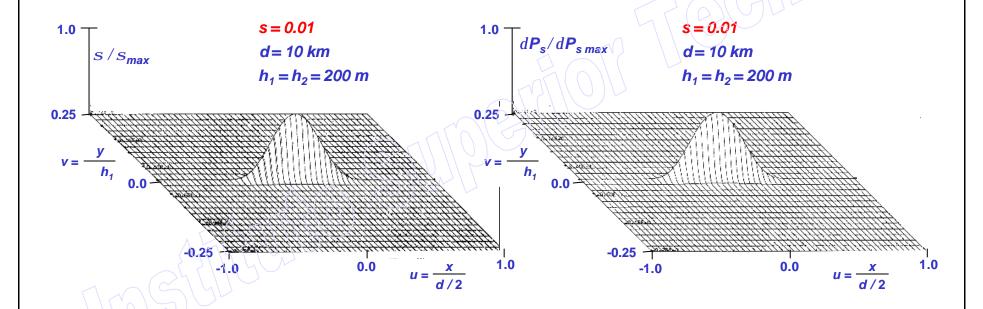


3. Reflexão em Superfícies Rugosas 3.8 Potência Dispersa



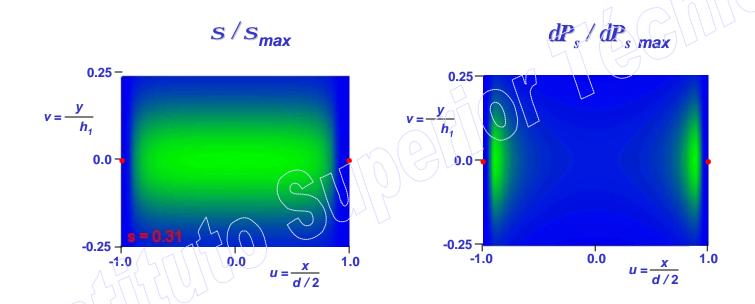


3. Reflexão em Superfícies Rugosas 3.8 Potência Dispersa



3. Reflexão em Superfícies Rugosas

 3_17 Dependencia com S (d = 10 km , $h_1 = h_2 = 200 \text{ m}$)



Dependência com parâmetros



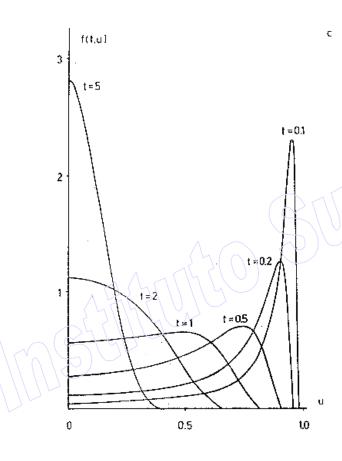
Fotos





3. Reflexão em Superfícies Rugosas

3.7 Dependência com t



$$t = \frac{1}{s} \frac{h}{d/2}$$

$$u = \frac{x}{d/2}$$



3. Reflexão em Superfícies Rugosas 3.8 Radar Clutter

